	TYPE 1		
	PARENTING		
	Help all families establish home environments to support children as students.		
	Sample Practices		
•	Suggestions for home conditions that support learning at each grade level.		
•	Workshops, videotapes, computerized phone messages on parenting and child rearing at each age and		
	grade level.		
•	Parent education and other courses or training for parents (e.g., GED, college credit, family literacy.)		
•	Family support programs to assist families with health, nutrition, and other services.		
•	Home visits at transition points to pre-school, elementary, middle, and high school. Neighborhood		
	meetings to help families understand schools and to help schools understand families.		
	Challenges		
•	Provide information to <i>all</i> families who want it or who need it, not just to the few who can attend		
	workshops or meetings at the school building.		
•	Enable families to share information with schools about culture, background, children's talents and needs.		
•	Make sure that all information for and from families is clear, usable, and linked to children's success		
•	in school.		
	Redefinitions		
	"Workshop" to mean more than a meeting about a topic held at the school building at a particular		
-	time. "Workshop" may also mean making information about a topic available in a variety of forms		
	that can be viewed, heard, or read any where, any time, in varied forms.		
	Results for Students		
•	Awareness of family supervision; respect for parents.		
•	Positive personal qualities, habits, beliefs, and values, as taught by family.		
•	Balance between time spent on chores, on other activities, and on homework.		
•	Good or improved attendance.		
٠	Awareness of importance of school.		
	Results for Parents		
•	Understanding of and confidence about parenting, child and adolescent development, and		
	changes in home conditions for learning as children proceed through school.		
•	Awareness of own and others' challenges in parents.		
•	Feeling of support from school and other parents.		
	Results for Teachers		
•	Understanding families' background, cultures, concerns, goals, needs, and views of their children.		
	Respect for families' strengths and efforts.		
•	Understanding of student diversity.		
	Awareness of own skills to share information on child development.		
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TYPE 2 COMMUNICATING Design effective forms of school-to-home and home-to-school communications about school programs and children's progress. **Sample Practices** Conferences with every parent at least once a year, with follow-ups as needed. Language translators to assist families as needed. Weekly or monthly folders of student work sent home for review and comments. Parent/student pickup of report card, with conferences on improving grades. Regular schedule of useful notices, memos, phone calls, newsletters, and other communications. Clear information on choosing schools or courses, programs, and activities within schools. Clear information on all school policies, programs, reforms, and transitions. Challenges Review the readability, clarity, form, and frequency of all memos, notices, and other print and nonprint communications. Consider parents who do not speak English well, do not read well, or need large type. Review the quality of major communications (newsletters, report cards, conference schedules, and so on). Establish clear two-way channels for communications from home to school and from school to home. **Redefinitions** "Communications about school programs and student progress" to mean two-way, three-way, and many-way channels of communication that connect schools, families, students, and the community. **Results for Students** Awareness of own progress and of actions needed to maintain or improve grades. Understanding of school policies on behavior, attendance, and other areas of student conduct. Informed decisions about courses and programs. Awareness of own role in partnerships, serving as courier and communicator. **Results for Parents** Understanding school programs and policies. Monitoring and awareness of child's progress. Responding effectively to students' problems. Interactions with teachers and ease of communication with school and teachers. **Results for Teachers** Increased diversity and use of communications with families and awareness of own ability to communicate clearly Appreciation for and use of parent network for communications. Increased ability to elicit and understand family views on children's programs and progress.

	TYPE 3	
	VOLUNTEERING	
	Recruit and organize parent help and support.	
	Sample Practices	
•	School and classroom volunteer program to help teachers, administrators, students, and other parents.	
•	Parent room or family center for volunteer work, meetings, resources for families.	
•	Annual postcard survey to identify all available talents, times, and locations of volunteers.	
•	Class parent, telephone tree, or other structures to provide all families with needed information.	
•	Parent patrols or other activities to aid safety and operation of school programs.	
•	Challenges	
•	Recruit volunteers widely so that <i>all</i> families know that their time and talents are welcome.	
•	Make flexible schedules for volunteers, assemblies, and events to enable parents who work to	
	participate.	
•	Organize volunteer work; provide training; match time and talent with school, teacher, and student	
	needs; and recognize efforts so that participants are productive.	
	Redefinitions	
•	"Volunteer" to mean anyone who supports school goals and children's learning or development in	
	any way, at any place, and at any time not just during the school day and at the school building.	
Results for Students		
•	Skill in communicating with adults.	
•	Increased learning of skills that receive tutoring or targeted attention from volunteers.	
•	Awareness of many skills, talents, occupations, and contributions of parent and other	
	volunteers.	
_	Results for Parents	
•	Understanding teacher's job, increased comfort in school, and carry-over of school activities at home.	
•	Self-confidence about ability to work in school and with children or to take steps to improve	
•	own education.	
•	Awareness that families are welcome and valued at school.	
•	Gains in specific skills of volunteer work.	
	Results for Teachers	
•	Readiness to involve families in new ways, including those who do not volunteer at school.	
•	Awareness of parents' talents and interests in school and children.	
•	Greater individual attention to students, with help from volunteers.	

TYPE 4 LEARNING AT HOME

Provide information and ideas to families about how to help students at home with homework and other curriculum-related activities, decisions, and planning.

Sample Practices

- Information for families on skills required for students in all subjects at each grade.
- Information on homework policies and how to monitor and discuss schoolwork at home.
- Information on how to assist students to improve skills on various class and school assessments.
- Regular schedule of homework that requires students to discuss and interact with families on what they are learning in class.
- Calendars with activities for parents and students at home.
- Family math, science, and reading activities at school.
- Summer learning packets or activities.
- Family participation in setting student goals each year and in planning for college or work.

Challenges

- Design and organize a regular schedule of interactive homework (e.g., weekly or bimonthly) that gives *students* responsibility for discussing important things they are learning and helps families stay aware of the content of their children's classwork.
- Coordinate family linked homework activities, if students have several teachers.
- Involve families and their children in all-important curriculum-related decisions.

Redefinitions

- "Homework" to mean not only work done alone, but also interactive activities shared with others at home or in the community, linking schoolwork to real life.
- "Help" at home to mean encouraging, listening, reacting, praising, guiding, monitoring, and discussing -- not "teaching" school subjects.

Results for Students

- Gains in skills, abilities, and test scores linked to homework and classwork.
- Homework completion.
- Positive attitude toward schoolwork.
- View of parents as more similar to teacher and of home as more similar to school.
- Self-concept of ability as learner.

Results for Parents

- Know how to support, encourage, and help student at home each year.
- Discussions of school, classwork, and homework.
- Understanding of instructional program each year and of what child is learning in each subject.
- Appreciation of teaching skills.
- Awareness of child as a learner.

Results for Teachers

- Better design of homework assignments.
- Respect for family time.
- Recognition of equal helpfulness of single-parent, dual-income, and less formally educated families in motivating and reinforcing student learning.
- Satisfaction with family involvement and support.

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	TYPE 5		
	DECISION MAKING		
	Include parents in school decisions, developing parent leaders and representatives.		
	Sample Practices		
•	Active PTA/PTO or other parent organizations, advisory councils, or committees (e.g., curriculum,		
•	safety, personnel) for parent leadership and participation.		
•	Independent advocacy groups to lobby and work for school reform and improvements.		
•	District-level councils and committees for family and community involvement.		
•	Information on school or local elections for school representatives.		
•	Networks to link all families with parent representatives.		
•	Challenges		
•	Include parent leaders from all racial, ethnic, socioeconomic, and other groups in the school.		
•	Offer training to enable leaders to serve as representatives of other families, with input from and		
-	return of information to all parents.		
•	Include students (along with parents) in decision-making groups.		
	Redefinitions		
•	"Decision making" to mean a process of partnership, of shared views and actions toward shared		
	goals, not just a power struggle between conflicting ideas.		
•	Parent "leader" to mean a real representative, with opportunities and support to hear from and		
	communicate with other families.		
	Results for Students		
•	Awareness of representation of families in school decisions.		
•	Understanding that student rights are protected.		
•	Specific benefits linked to policies enacted by parent organizations and experienced by		
	students.		
	Results for Parents		
•	Input into policies that affect child's education.		
•	Feeling of ownership of school.		
•	Awareness of parents' voices in school decisions.		
•	Shared experiences and connections with other families.		
•	Awareness of school, district, and state policies.		
	Results for Teachers		
•	Awareness of parent perspectives as a factor in policy development and decisions.		
•	View of equal status of family representatives on committees and in leadership roles.		

ТҮРЕ б		
COLLABORATING WITH COMMUNTY		
Identify and integrate resources and services from the community to strengthen school programs, family		
practices, and student learning and development.		
Sample Practices		
• Information for students and families on community health, cultural, recreational, social support, and		
other programs or services		
• Information on community activities that link to learning skills and talents, including summer		
programs for students.		
• Service integration through partnerships involving school; civic, counseling, cultural, health,		
recreation, and other agencies and organizations; and businesses.		
• Service to the community by students, families, and schools (e.g., recycling, art, music, drama, and		
other activities for seniors or others).		
Participation of alumni in school programs for students.		
Challenges		
• Solve turf problems of responsibilities, funds, staff, and locations for collaborative activities.		
• Inform families of community programs for students, such as mentoring, tutoring, business		
partnerships.		
• Assure equity of opportunities for students and families to participate in community programs or to		
obtain services.		
• Match community contributions with school goals, integrate child and family services with education.		
Redefinitions		
• "Community" to mean not only the neighborhoods where students' homes and schools are located but		
also any neighborhoods that influence their learning and development.		
• "Community" rated not only by low or high social or economic qualities, but by strengths and talents to support students families, and schools		
to support students, families, and schools.		
• "Community" means all who are interested in and affected by the quality of education, not just those with children in the schools.		
 Results for Students Increased skills and talents through enriched curricular and extracurricular experiences. 		
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 Awareness of careers and of options for future education and work. Specific benefits linked to programs, services, resources, and opportunities that connect 		
 Specific benefits linked to programs, services, resources, and opportunities that connect students with community. 		
Results for Parents		
 Knowledge and use of local resources by family and child to increase skills and talents or to 		
obtain needed services		
 Interactions with other families in community activities. 		
 Awareness of school's role in the community and of community's contributions to the school. 		
Results for Teachers		
Awareness of community resources to enrich curriculum and instruction.		
 Openness to and skill in using mentors, business partners, community volunteers, and 		
others to assist students and augment teaching practices.		
 Knowledgeable, helpful referrals of children and families to needed services. 		

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